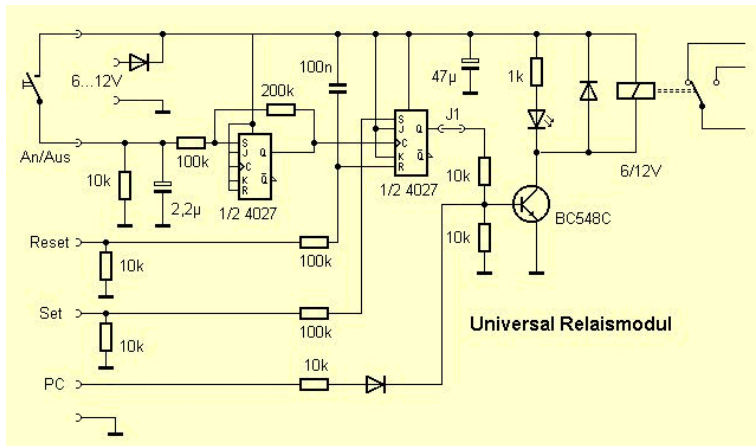
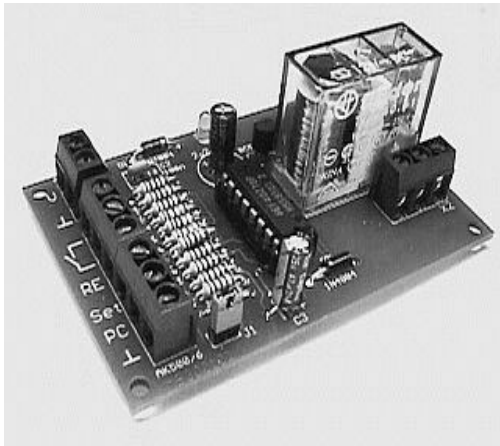
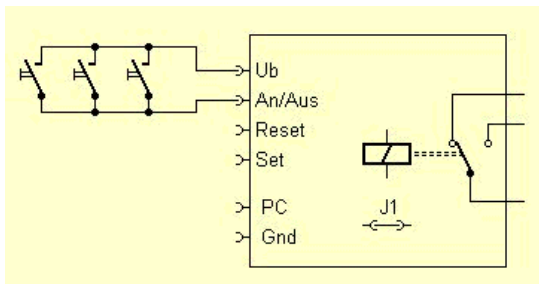


UniREL – A Universal Relay-Board



Usable as Latching- („Toggle“), Set/Reset- or computer-controlled relay and many more.
For 12V- or 6V-relays with 2x changeover-contacts (DPDT)

The relay-board is suited for many different applications. Here we will first explain the basic circuit for the most important uses.



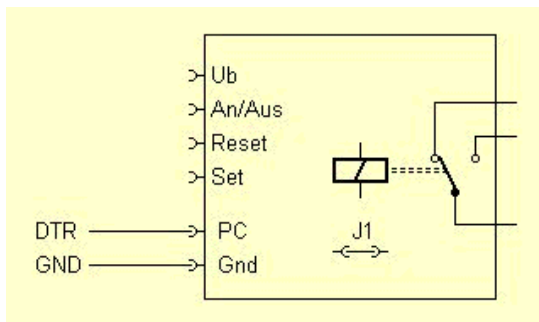
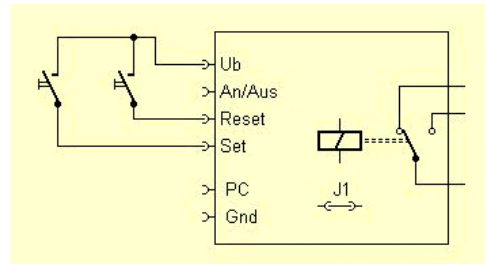
One or more pushbuttons in parallel are needed to use the relay-board as latching- or toggle-relay. After power-on the internal reset-circuit sets the flipflop to OFF-state. After that every action on a pushbutton toggles between ON and OFF-state (=latching function). You could place the pushbuttons e.g. on a long floor. At every place you have a pushbutton you can switch the lights ON and OFF

In addition (or as an alternative) you can connect pushbuttons for setting directly the ON- or OFF-state like it's utilized at motor-switches.

E.g. a green pushbutton switches the motor on and a red one off.

Instead of pushbuttons you can control the circuit directly at the SET- and RESET-inputs with a PC over the serial interface (e.g. the DTR-line) or with a PC-interface like our SIOSLAB-USB-Interface.

You just need two interface-lines in this example.



For direct PC-control or for control from other hardware you can use the „PC“-Input. A DC-voltage of +5V or more switches the relay to ON-state. A pull-down resistor at the base of T1 keeps the relay in the OFF-state when no DC-voltage is present.

Jumper J1 kann remain closed, to enable the parallel operation by means of the pushbuttons (aka the other inputs SET/RESET/Toggle).

That way a programmed motor-control over the „PC“-Input kann get an additional emergency-OFF switch or pushbutton at the RESET-input .

When jumper J1 is removed, the parallel control over the SET/RESET and latching-inputs is disabled.

If you only use the PC-input, the CMOS 4027 and the peripheral components can be left unpopulated on the PCB.

With a mixed use of pushbutton- and PC-controlled inputs you can exploit the priority of the SET or RESET-inputs. With the pushbuttons you can switch ON and OFF, but the „PC“-input can at any force a load to be switched off over the RESET-input. As long as the RESET-input remains logic high, neither the toggle-/latching-input nor the „PC“-input can switch the load on.

